

Metsbytservis Engineering Company

Best Implemented innovative Project for Russian States Grid company «Rosseti»

Complex innovative products for overhead power lines of 6–750 kV

Providing simple solutions

to complex challenges







VDE Testing and Certification



The new principle of production of plastically deformed unidirectional twisted conductors and Ground-wire (including OPGW) turned out a very promising direction in the development of the conductors production technology. The most attractive features of new conductors type are: an effective use of the internal volumetric space, better mechanical strength and carrying capacity at a very moderate costs, reduction of aerodynamic load and icing, low operating elongation and excellent stability.

Bundesrepublik Deutschland



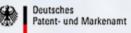
Maximum coefficient of filling in the least costly way

Experience of 20,000 km of transmission lines

> <u>Patent</u> DE102014101833

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Project report	
Test sequence for aluminum-st	eel conductor rope
Project report for the test sequence for an aluminum-ste	el conductor rope for power
lines Type ASHT 19.6-216/33-1 and the corresponding fitting	s
The ASHT 19.6-216/33-1 conductor rope is a new development of aluminum-steel conductor for power lines for which a test program	
The manufacturer of this power line is the Volgograd (Russia) subs	idiary of Severstal AG.
During the test sequence, both the mechanical and electrical chara in accordance with the required, latest European norms and standa	
During the course of the project, a testing matrix was created, which various noteworthy and accredited testing institutes.	h was discussed beforehand with
Two internationally renowned companies were commissioned with	performing the tests:
The mechanical tests of the conductor rope, including the appropria Spie/SAG in Langen.	te fittings, were performed by
FGH Engineering & Test GmbH in Mannheim was commissioned w	ith the electrical tests.
The VDE Testing and Certification Institute carried out this project is for the entire, general project management.	n conjunction and was responsible
The individual tests defined in the test matrix were performed in a ti completed.	mely manner and successfully
Therefore, the conductor rope meets the basic requirements for the	European market.
Details on the execution, test setups, the results as well as expert or respective test reports attached to this letter.	commentary can be found in the
	Matthias Felber

VDE-Institute



The general technological principle - plastic deformation



World trend - the maximum filling of the space of the conductor, achieved in the cheapest way

Products for <u>new</u> overhead power lines (OHL) Products for reconstruction of old OHL without replacement of supports



<u>High temperature (ASHT, tcw=150°C,tmax=210°C)</u> and high strength (ASHS, tmax=90°C) performance



The cross sections for aluminum from 46 to 112mm² for overhead power lines 6 - 35 kW.



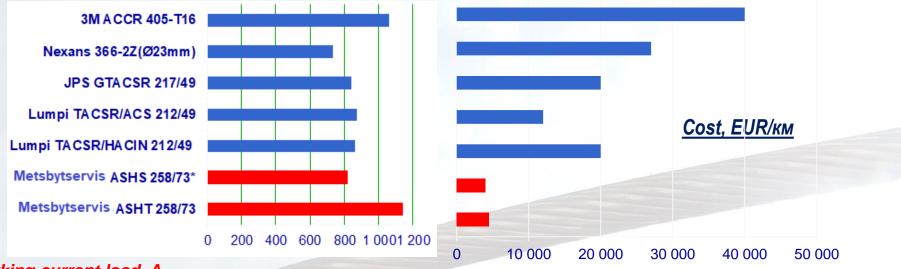
ANHS

Conductor made of high-strength aluminum alloy with no core. For overhead power lines 6 - 110 kW. (tmax=90°C)

Comparative analysis of PJSC "Rosseti" (State Russian Grid Company)

The fundamentally new technology provides costs on conductors ASHS/ASHT and refurbishment of overhead line with these conductors almost in same extent as similar costs in using conventional conductors, with worst characteristics.

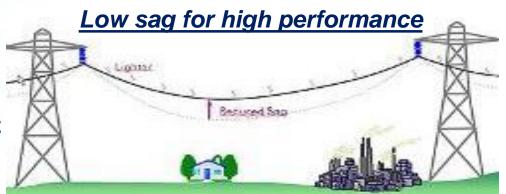
Comparison of conductors Ø 21mm, with similar characteristics.



working current load, A

VDE Testing and Certification *Tested in Germany for compliance with DIN EN 50540, DIN EN 62004, 48207, 62568, IEC 61284, 61854, Cigré 426, DIN EN 62568, IEEE 1138*

 ASHS and ASHT conductors are expand designing of HV power lines and allow dealing with the goals that used to be unpractical or used to require great efforts and costs.



Comparison of conductors Ø 21mm, with similar characteristics

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Lumpit ACSPHACITY 212149

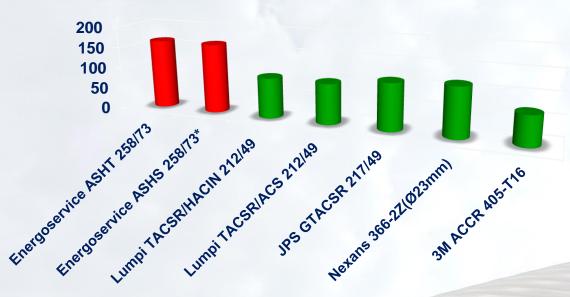
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JPS GTACSP21TIA9

Nesans 366-21.023mm

3MACORADS THE

Breaking load, KN



ASHT conductors on the complex technical and economic characteristics are superior to all similar articles.

Finerepservice ASHI 258/13 Electrical resistance of 1 km Energoservice ASHS 258173* of conductor DC at 20 ° C, Ohm

Design provides increased fill factor of up to 95–97 %, a significant improvement of strength and crosssection for the same cable diameter, the reduction of aerodynamic loading (20-35 %) and icing (25-40%).

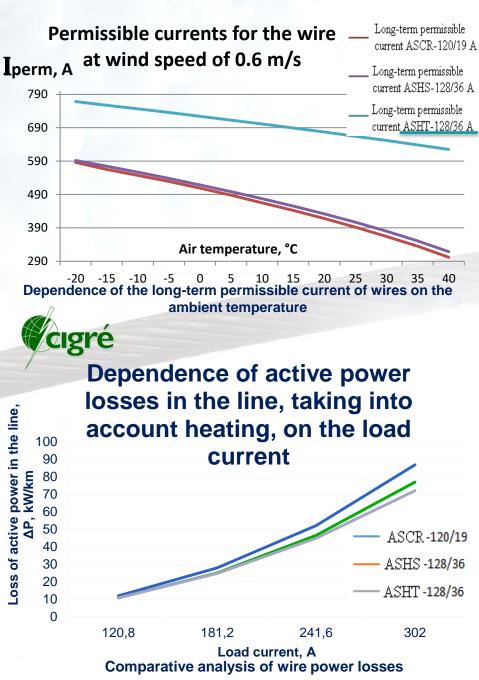
Possibilities of solving the main problems of overhead lines construction and operation through the joint use of compacted conductors

Problem	Solution based on classical ACSR application	Solution based on <u>ASHS/ASHT</u> conductors application	Confirmation
Reducing corona losses and noise level, without increasing conductor's diameter	-	+	Experimental confirmation of "R&D Center "FGC UES", JSC and VDE (Germany)
Increasing lightning protection and resistance to short circuit currents	-	+	Experimental confirmation of "R&D Center "FGC UES", JSC and VDE (Germany)
Significant reduction of elongation in operation	-	+	Experimental confirmation of "R&D Center "FGC UES", JSC
Reducing vibration, galloping and oscillations selfdamping while keeping conductor diameter	-	+	Experimental and computational confirmation of VSTU, JSC "VNIIZHT" and MPEI
Increasing span length and (or) sags, without increasing conductor's diameter	-	+	Design solutions
Replacing the conductor on the existing transmission poles, decreasing the load on all elements of overhead line and (or) increasing its transmission capacity	-	+	Design solutions
Decreasing wind pressure while keeping conductor diameter	-	+	Computational confirmation of VSTU and MPEI
Replacing the conductor in the ring networks and decreasing conductor diameter	-	+	Design solutions
Reduction of icing, while keeping conductor diameter	-	+	Computational confirmation of VSTU and MPEI
Keeping transmission capacity in areas with high air temperatures and solar activity, without increasing conductor's diameter	-	+	Design solutions and computational confirmation of VSTU and MPEI



Period of maximum electricity loads is change from winter to summer

Climate change may constrain future electricity electric Iperm, A adequacy reducina supply by transmission capacity and increasing electricity demand. The carrying capacity of overhead decreases ambient power lines as air temperatures rise; similarly, during the summer peak period, electricity loads typically increase with hotter air temperatures due today. Period of maximum is change from winter to summer. The use of plastically compressed high-temperatures conductors is justified for the case with high ambient temperatures. In turn, the resulting effect in reducing technical losses allows us to talk, among other things, about decarburization and reduction of the carbon footprint, since it is required to produce less electricity in order to compensate for technical losses in electrical networks and as a result. emissions into the environment are reduced. Which together provides reliable solutions for the transition to low-carbon energy of the future. complex correct use of plastically The compressed wires during the construction of new 6-750 kV overhead lines can significantly increase their reliability when exposed to the range of climatic loads. increase entire throughput, and reduce final capital costs.



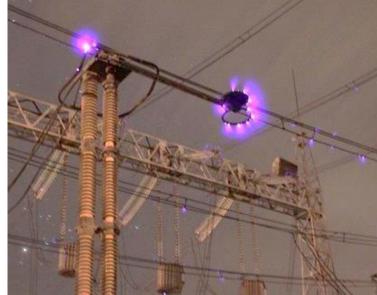
Comparison of test pilot wire in Germany with wires used by TenneT and FDF



Given the difference of aluminum sections of our products are comparable or superior to counterparts in the EU

Additional economic benefit due to high breaking strength:

- decrease in the number of supports and reduce sag;
- the reduce level of internal corrosion in the conductor;
- the intensity of the formation of ice due to the surface shape;
- the reduce amplitude of pitching conductors.
- Significantly lower operating elongation
- The application of plastic compression ASHS or ASHT conductors makes it possible to reduce the wind load by 25-35% compared to conventional wires with similar values of the area of aluminum layers.
- In case of application for repair/upgrading works at the old OHL, new conductors in high-temperature execution are optimum, especially considering their rather low cost.
- Practically standard fittings
- By results of the conducted comparative researches of conductors of identical diameter critical corona voltage for ASHS/ASHT Increase relative to the standard steel-Aluminum conductos.
- In the same time the corona-induced acoustic noise are reduction.

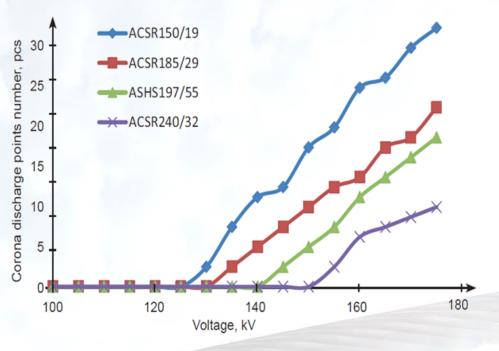


Testing of corona discharge

ASHS 197/55 wire manufactured by compacted technology has corona discharge voltage 142.2 kV by 5.7% higher than ACSR 185/29 conductor 134.5 kV with the same diameter 18.8 mm

Conductors	Average annual
	losses, change, %
ASCR 240/32 Ø 21,6 мм	+ 26,67%
ASCR 300/39 Ø 24,0 мм	0,00%
ASCR 330/43 Ø 25,2 мм	-13,33%
ASHS <u>317/47 Ø 22,3 мм</u>	-13,33%
ASHS 295/44 Ø 21,5 мм	-6,67%

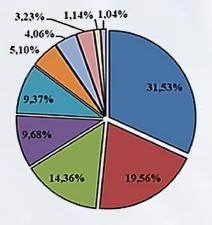




Radio interference voltage test (FGH Engineering & Test GmbH)

applied	measure	d radio interferenc	adio interference voltage			
voltage kV	decreasing of applied voltage μV	increasing of applied voltage μV	decreasing of applied voltage μV			
167,7	25000	25300	27400			
153,7	13300	12400	12600			
139,7	8750	9500	6600			
125,7	84	4500	2066			
111,8	79	3000	76			
97,8	72	67	63			
83,8	58	60	54			
70,0	54	52	46			
55,9	46	45	42			
41,9	42	42	40			

Line accident risk reduction



Wire breakage
Damage to insulator
Ingress of foreign objects
Conductor clashing
Third party action
The reasons are unknown
Damage to tower
Other reasons
Natural phenomena
Wire sag

The diagram of the distribution of the causes of technological disruptions on overhead transmission line

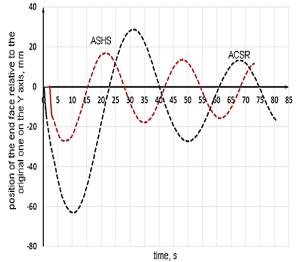
 The application of plastic compression products makes it possible to reduce the wind load.
 Conductors ASHS/ASHT by Energoservice, having streamlined design is lower by 33% on the average.

V,		Wind	load on	wires,	N / m	
м/с	ASHS	ASCR	ASHS	ASCR	ASHS	ASCR
	128/37	120/19	216/32	240/34	277/79	240/56
25	3.6	4.8	4.9	6.9	5.2	7.0
32	5.9	7.9	7.8	11.4	8.4	11.5
60	20.8	28.5	28.4	41.5	29.8	41.6

•The design ASHS/ASHT provides:

- Icing reduction - Due to high torsion stiffness and smaller diameter

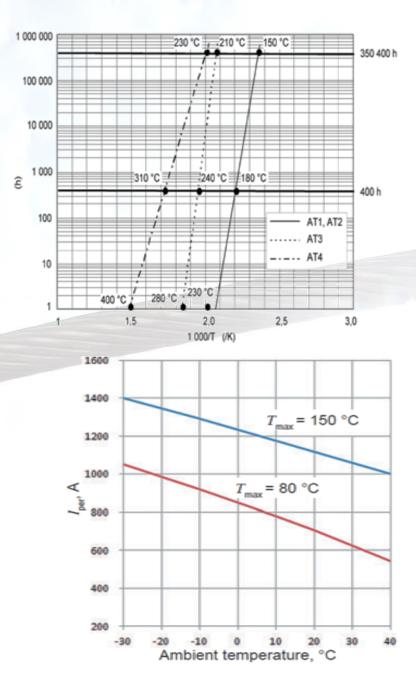
Oscillation: The ASHS wire 128/36 due to the closer contact of the single strands, the initial amplitude and period of oscillation is approximately 1.7 times less than that of the ACSR wire 120/27 at the same dialed speed of the bent conductor under impulse action. Vibration after the disturbing effect is extinguished due to the expenditure of energy on the internal friction between the strands. In wires that are compacted due to plastic deformation, developed contact areas are obtained both inside the layer and they enter the empty space in neighboring layers, so the displacement of the layers relative to each other is difficult. Self-quenching of vibrations is provided.



Transmission capacity OHL with high ambient temperature

- Due to its design features, ASHT hightemperature wire is cheaper by several times regarding to analogs with a longterm permissible temperature of 150 °C.
- Continuous permissible current for high-temperature conductor is 30-35% higher than the value for standard conductor of the same diameter.
- A significant reduction lengthening in operating drawing plastically deformed conductors are confirmed by series of experiments.

The correct definition of the conductors creep has recently become one of the important requirements arising from the Exploitation organizations, as it turned out that the capacity of many of the overhead Lines may not be fully utilized due to increased, after many years of service, sag of the conductors



Comprehensive proper usage of plastically compacted ASHS/ASHT conductors for the new construction and reconstruction of OHL 35-750 kV can significantly increase their reliability when exposed to the entire range of climatic loads, increase throughput, reduce capital and operating costs.

Almost all the exploitation parameters of the new conductors important for the OHL designer do exceed greatly than those for ordinary ones, for a very moderate cost.

- The new conductors are excellent for new construction in regions with excessive wind/ice loads or for extended transition.
- * The high-temperature execution are optimum for:
- ✓ In case of application for repair/upgrading works at the old OHL, new conductors in, especially considering their rather low cost.
- In constructing the ring network circuits and network with the possibility of congestion during the post-emergency modes
- ✓ In regions with high air temperatures
- The most effective integrated use ACHS/ACHT together with Groundwire cables (OPGW) by Energoservice, possessing similar mechanical characteristics.



Comparison of ASHS and ASHT characteristics with

standard conductor Ø 17,1mm

An important task is: to identify where the use of new conductors will be most effective

Parameters of the conductors to be compared	ACSR150/24	<u>ASHS (ASHT) 162/47</u>	
	value	value	Change in percent to ACSR
Core cross section, mm ²	24,2	47,3	+90
Alum cross section, mm ²	149	162,3	+8,9
Diameter, mm	<u>17,1</u>	<u>17,1</u>	0,0
Rated Breaking strength, daN	5227,9	9882,4	+89,0
Max current load, A	554	590,5(822)	+ 6,6 (+ 48,4)
Span length of OHL at one and the same sag, m	280	364	+ 30
Towers on the 10 km of OHL	37	27	- 27
Specific losses of electricity at the same current load (150 A), MWh/km per year	41,7	36,4	- 12,7
Conductor temperature expansion coefficient, 10 ⁻⁶ 1/ °C	19,2	16,7	- 13
Conductor elasticity modulus, E*10-3, N/mm2	82,5	88	+ 6,7
Sag at the highest air temperature (+40 °C), m, for the spans:250 m 300 m	6,29	3,32	- 47,2
	9,26	4,87	
Sag at ambient temperature - 5 ° C in the 3 rd region of the wind and ice load, m:250/300	6,66 9,63	4,41 6,04	- 33,8
The electric field of the corona onset at dry weather, kV/cm	34,04	40,0	+17,5
DC Resistance (20 °C), Ohm/km	0,2039	0,1780	-12,7

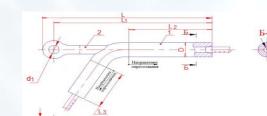
Our conductors don't demand difficult and expensive fittings.

The "conductor-fittings" systems have passed a series of tests in

accordance with the rules of PJSC "Rosseti".

The types of fittings, with which conductors were tested





The pressed fittings

The Spiral fittings



Also vibration quenchers are developed

Ground-wire cable & OPGW

The plastically deformed galvanized ground conductor resistant to lightning strikes with charges 147 ampere-second, and following vibration exposure 10 After testing, the breaking strength was 100% of it's initial value. The tests were carried out several times with same result.

- Optimum integrated use of our wires and our ground wire, taking into account the comparability of mechanical characteristics.
- The adequacy of the test and parameters for requirements (DIN & IEC), confirmed by SAG Deutschland Versuchs- und Technologiezentrum
- ✓ The product plated by aluminum has lost mechanical durability after exposure to lighting 85 KL; its actual strength during the test reduced to 32.8 kN (49.6 % of the nominal breaking load).

Application experience - 18 000 km OHL 110 -500kV

The operational stretching of conductors - one of the most important requirements for the overhead lines. Reducing of extraction plastically deformed, galvanized OPGW, confirmed experimentally.



Aufsuggebec	Emergelismi Godell Alter Jacobaticelle 77 CD 19529 Bartin
Gegenstand	121.73 Berlin Stahl Lichtwellenisiter Erdunil nach Unterlagen der Fe. Ere
Verlauser.	DiplIng. Wolfgang Marthan
Datase	Juli August 2014

*SAG



SOME OTHER PROJECTS IMPLEMENTED







<u>2011</u>



2001









Russian Railways



Deutsches Patent- und Markenar







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